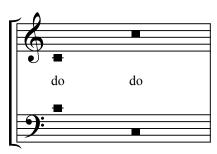
How to Find do

Michael Driscoll

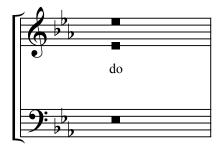
You can find *do* in any key if you memorize the following three simple rules.

Rule 1: If there are no sharps $(\mbox{$\frac{1}{4}$})$ or flats $(\mbox{$\frac{1}{4}$})$ after the clef sign $(\mbox{$\frac{1}{4}$})$ or $\mbox{$\frac{1}{4}$}$. $\mbox{$\frac{1}{4}$}$ or $\mbox{$\frac{1}{4}$}$ or flats $(\mbox{$\frac{1}{4}$})$ after the clef sign $(\mbox{$\frac{1}{4}$})$ or $\mbox{$\frac{1}{4}$}$.



Rule 2: If there are <u>flats</u> after the clef sign (in the key signature), the flat farthest to the right is *fa*. Count the lines and spaces up or down to locate *do*.





Rule 3: If there are <u>sharps</u> in the key signature, the sharp farthest to the right is ti. Count the lines and spaces up or down to locate do.

